

## - ENOG27 Meeting -

### 2014年6月20日

### 株式会社グローバルネットコア 金子 康行

<yasuyuki.kaneko@global-netcore.jp>







### → みなさん、BGPの検証でどんなツール使ってますか?



···· (<sup>--</sup>\) ····

### ・・・・そもそも検証なんて(ケホケホ





### → まあ、比較的簡単な検証だったんですけどね・・・・

### → とある事情により。

### → BGPの検証作業が必要になりまして。





トータルインターネットソリューション

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→ 先日。







### → せっかくなので。

ゴメンナサイ。。。

### → BGP関連のツールについていくつか調べてみました。

→ みなさん既にご存じの内容だったら











### → ルータに経路を食わせてゴニョゴニョしたい

### → そんなときはこれを使え!





### announcer







Written by Yasuyuki Kaneko / Copyright (c) 2014 Global Network Core Co., Ltd.

### announcer





http://www.dia.uniroma3.it/~compunet/bgp-probing/

- → Pythonスクリプトです → Pythonが動く環境なら、たぶんそのまま動きます
- オ向ルータとpeerを確立し、設定した経路を広告できます
   ◆複雑なことはできませんが、お手軽に使えます♪







→ インストール

```
$ wget http://www.dia.uniroma3.it/~compunet/bgp-probing/
announcer/announcer-1.5.0.tar.gz
$ tar xvfz announcer-1.5.0.tar.gz
Ş
 cd announcer-1.5.0
$ ls
COPYING
         announce.conf.sample
                               bgppeering.py peering.py
                               confutil.py
README
         announce.py
         aspathutil.py
                               iputil.py
VERSION
$
```







→ 設定はこんな感じで

```
$ vi announce.conf
[main]
peerings = Peer1
[DEFAULT]
bgp id = 192.168.0.1
local as = 64512
remote as = 64513
prefixes = 10.0.0/16 10.10.0/16 10.20.0/16 10.30.0/16
aspath = 64512
[Peer1]
peer = 192.168.0.2
prefixes = 10.0.0/16 10.10.0/16 10.20.0/16 10.30.0/16
```













announcer

./announce.py

### + ログ

```
$ cat announcer.log
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Starting announcer
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Peerings configured: Peer1
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Adding new peering Peer1
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Peer1: Starting up peering
192.168.0.1 AS64512 -> 192.168.0.2 AS64513
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Peer1: Sending update for
10.20.0.0/16 with AS path 64512
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Peer1: Sending update for
10.10.0.0/16 with AS path 64512
[2014/05/23 17:44:39 JST] Peer1: Sending update for
10.30.0.0/16 with AS path 64512
```







### → 相手側のルータで確認

<pre>\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes</pre>		
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
Path		
*> 10.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 i		
*> 10.10.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 i		
*> 10.20.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 i		
*> 10.30.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 i		
Total number of pre	efixes 4	







### → 設定項目の説明

peer:	IPv4 or IPv6 address of the BGP peer.
bgp_id:	The BGP router identifier (an IPv4 address)
local_as:	Local AS number for this peering.
remote_as:	AS number of the peer.
prefixes:	A space-separated list of prefixes to
	announce to this peer.
	Note that a prefix will be announced only
	if it has a non-empty AS-path. Optional.
community:	A space-separated list of BGP community
	values to announce to this peer
	(e.g. community = 65501:1234 65123:201).
community[prefix]:	Per-prefix communities. Takes precedence
	on per-peer and default communities
	if present.
aspath:	AS-path to announce to this peer (see below).
aspath[prefix]:	Per-prefix AS-path. Takes precedence on
	per-peer and default AS-path if present.







### → もうちょっと設定を追加してみる

## [Peer1] peer = 192.168.0.2 prefixes = 10.0.0.0/16 10.10.0.0/16 10.20.0.0/16 10.30.0.0/16 aspath[10.0.0.0/16] = 64512 64512 64512 ? aspath[10.10.0.0/16] = 64512 65001 65002 65003 e aspath[10.20.0.0/16] = 64512 65004 i community[10.0.0.0/16] = 64512:1002 community[10.20.0.0/16] = 64512:1003







### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes		
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
Path		
*> 10.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 64512 64512	?	
*> 10.10.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 65001 65002	65003 e	
*> 10.20.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 65004 i		
*> 10.30.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	0
64512 i		

Total number of prefixes 4







→ 相手側のルータで確認

<pre>\$ show ip bgp community no-export</pre>		
Network Path	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
* 10.0.0.0/16 64512 64512 64512 3	192.168.0.1	0
Total number of pre \$ show ip bgp <mark>commu</mark>	efixes 1 nity 64512:1002	
Network Path	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
* 10.10.0.0/16 64512 65001 65002 6	192.168.0.1 55003 e	0
Total number of pre	efixes 1	







- → 感想
  - → とにかくお手軽!
  - → 特別なモジュールも不要で、インストールも簡単
  - → いくつかの経路を出すだけでいいなら、vyattaなどのソフトウェ アルータをわざわざ立てて設定するより楽かも







# simple is beautiful.









- https://code.google.com/p/bgpsimple/
- ◆ Perlスクリプトです ◆ Net::BGPを利用します
- → 対向ルータとpeerを確立し、経路の送受信をモニタリングできます
  - → BGPDUMPデータを送信経路として食わせることができます









→ インストール

```
$ mkdir bgp_simple; cd bgp_simple
$ wget https://bgpsimple.googlecode.com/files/bgpsimple.tgz
$ tar xvfz bgpsimple.tgz
$ ls
CHANGELOG README bgp_simple.pl bgpsimple.tgz
$
```

### → 経路データを準備(あとで詳しく説明します)

\$ wget http://archive.routeviews.org/route-views.wide/bgpdata/ /2014.04/RIBS/rib.20140417.0000.bz2 \$ bgpdump -m ./rib.20140417.0000.bz2 > myroutes \$





./bgp simple.pl -myas \$MYAS -myip=\$MYIP -peerip=\$PEERIP ¥

-v -p=\$ROUTEFILE -o=\$LOGFILE.`date +%Y%m%d%H%M`

-peeras=\$PEERAS -holdtime=\$HOLDTIME -keepalive=\$KEEPALIVE ¥







\$ vi bgp simple.sh



#!/bin/sh







### 🔸 起動

\$ sudo ./bgp simple.sh

### + ログ

```
$ tail -f bgp simple.log.201405231648
Update received from peer [192.168.0.2], ASN [64513]: prfx
[10.0.0/16 10.10.0/16] aspath [64513]
nxthp [192.168.0.2] comm [] orig [IGP] agg []
Send Update: prfx [1.0.0.0/24] aspath [64512 2497 15169] orig
[IGP] nxthp [192.168.0.1]
Send Update: prfx [1.0.0.0/24] aspath [64512 7500 2497 15169]
orig [IGP] nxthp [192.168.0.1]
Send Update: prfx [1.0.4.0/24] aspath [64512 7500 2516 6453
7545 56203] orig [IGP] nxthp [192.168.0.1]
Send Update: prfx [1.0.4.0/24] aspath [64512 2497 6453 7545
56203] orig [IGP] nxthp [192.168.0.1]
```



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### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes		
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
Path		
*> 1.0.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64512 7500 2497	15169 i	
*> 1.0.4.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64512 2497 6453	7545 56203 i	
*> 1.0.5.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64512 2497 6453	7545 56203 i	
*> 1.0.6.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64512 7500 2497	4826 38803 56203 i	
*> 1.0.7.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64512 7500 2497	4826 38803 56203 i	
*> 1.0.20.0/23	192.168.0.1	0
64512 7500 2519	i	







```
ASNUMBER
-myas
        #
          (mandatory) our AS number
        IP address
-myip
          (mandatory) our IP address to source the
        #
          sesion from
-peerip IP address
        #
          (mandatory) peer IP address
-peeras ASNUMBER
          (mandatory) peer AS number
        #
```









### → 使い方の説明

[-holdtime] Seconds
# (optional) BGP hold time duration in seconds
(default 60s)
[-keepalive] Seconds
<pre># (optional) BGP KeepAlive timer duration</pre>
in seconds (default 20s)
[-v]
<pre># (optional) provide verbose output to STDOUT,</pre>
use twice to get debugs
[-p file]
<pre># (optional) prefixes to advertise</pre>
(bgpdump formatted)
[-o file]
# (optional) write all sent and received UPDATE
messages to file







→ 使い方の説明

```
[-m number]
    # (optional) maximum number of prefixes to
    advertise
[-n IP address]
    # (optional) next hop self, overrides original
    value
[-1 number]
    # (optional) set default value for LOCAL_PREF
[-dry]
    # (optional) dry run; dont build adjacency,
    but check prefix file (requires -p)
```







### → 使い方の説明

[-f KEY=REGEX]	
# (optional	) filter on input prefixes (requires -p),
repeat fo	or multiple filters
KEY is or	ne of the following attributes
(CaSE ins	sensitive):
NEIG	originating neighbor
NLRI	NLRI/prefix(es)
ASPT	AS_PATH
ORIG	ORIGIN
NXHP	NEXT_HOP
LOCP	LOCAL_PREF
MED	MULTI_EXIT_DISC
COMM	COMMUNITY

- ATOM ATOMIC\_AGGREGATE
- AGG AGGREGATOR

REGEX is a perl regular expression to be expected in a match statement (m/REGEX/)/)





### → たとえばこんなことも

```
$ sudo ./bgp simple.pl -myas 64512 -myip=192.168.0.1 -
peerip=192.168.0.2 -peeras=64513 -holdtime=1800 -keepalive=600
-p myroutes -v -f ORIG=INCOMPLETE
----- CONFIG SUMMARY -----
Configured for an eBGP session between me (ASN64512,
192.168.0.1) and peer (ASN64513, 192.168.0.2).
Using 600 seconds as KeepAlive value and 1800 seconds as
HoldTime value for this peer.
Generating verbose output, level 1.
Will use prefixes from file myroutes.
Will set next hop address to 192.168.0.1 because of eBGP
peering.
Will apply filter to input file:
       ORIG =~ /INCOMPLETE/
Connection established with peer 192.168.0.2, AS 64513.
```





### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes		
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight
Path		
*> 1.9.52.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	
*> 1.9.53.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	
*> 1.9.54.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	
*> 1.9.55.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	
*> 1.9.112.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	
*> 1.9.113.0/24	192.168.0.1	0
64577 7500 2516	4788 ?	







- → 感想
  - + 名前のとおり、とてもシンプル!
  - → インストールも動かすのもさして難しくない
  - → BGPDUMPのデータを食わせることができるので、リアルなイン ターネット経路(フルルート)で検証することができるのがいい
  - + 受信経路の変化もリアルタイムにモニタできるよ
  - ◆ というわけで、おススメです☆









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### injec<del>t</del>



概要

http://elxsi.de/inject/doku.php

- → Perlスクリプトです
  - → 以下のモジュールを利用します
  - Net::BGP、Term::ShellUI、Term::ReadLine
  - \* XML::Simple, IO::Interface, Data::Dumper
- → 対向ルータとpeerを確立し、対話型インタフェースを使って様々 な操作を行ったり、状態を確認したりすることができます





→ インストール

```
$ wget http://elxsi.de/inject/lib/exe/fetch.php/inject-
0.01.tar.gz
$ tar xvfz inject-0.01.tar.gz
$ cd inject
$ ls
Inject cfg inject.pl patch tests
$ sudo cp inject.pl /usr/local/bin/
$ sudo chmod +x /usr/local/bin/inject.pl
$ mkdir ~.inject
$ cp cfg/inject.rc ~/.inject/
```





→ 設定はこんな感じで

\$ vi ~/.inject/i	inject.rc
<local name="Lo&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;pre&gt;&gt;cal"></local>	
	<address>192.168.0.1</address>
	<as>64512</as>
	>
<peer name="Pee&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;er1"></peer>	
	<description>Connection to Peer1</description>
	<address>192.168.0.2</address>
	<port>179</port>
	<as>64513</as>
	<holdtime>1800</holdtime>
	<connectretrytime>20</connectretrytime>
	<keepalivetime>600</keepalivetime>
	<activate>1</activate>
	<listen>1</listen>
	<passive>0</passive>







<pre>\$ sudo /usr/local/bin/inject.pl ~/.inject/inject.rc</pre>
Inject v0.01 - (c) by Martin Kluge <mk@elxsi.de></mk@elxsi.de>
Type "help", "h" or "?" for command overview.
Inject>





### → 対話型インタフェースですよ

Inject> h	
debug -	Debugging options
exit -	Exit program
flap -	Flap peers and routes
generate -	Generate random routes
help -	Help
history -	Prints the command history
inject -	Inject routes
peer -	Start / stop peers
route -	Set route options
show -	Show commands
test -	Test commands
unflap -	Unflap peers and routes
withdraw -	Withdraw routes
Inject>	





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### → Peerの状態を確認

Inject> show peers Jun 1 12:01:36: INFO: BGP peer summary: Local address : 192.168.0.1 Local AS : 64512 Number of peers <u>: 1</u> Number of updates : 1 Number of NLRIs : 2 Number of withdrawns: 0 Recvd prefixes : 2 Sent prefixes : 0 Neighbor PeerID VT AS State PfxRecvd PfxSent 192.168.0.2 4 E 64513 Established Peer1 2 0

Inject>






Command	Description
show config	Show config
show debug ( <arg>)</arg>	Show debugging options
show peer <peerid ip address remote="" asn=""></peerid ip>	Show detailed peer information
show peers	Show peer overview
show route <peerid all> <route></route></peerid all>	Show detailed route information
show routes <peerid all></peerid all>	Show route overview
show sentroute <peerid all> <route></route></peerid all>	Show detailed information of sent routes
show sentroutes <peerid all></peerid all>	Show overview information of sent routes





#### → 使い方

Command	Description
inject <peerid all> <rid></rid></peerid all>	Inject route with specified RID on the specified peer
route aggregator <rid> <asn> <aggregator ip=""></aggregator></asn></rid>	Set route aggregator
route aspath <rid> <as1>…<asn></asn></as1></rid>	Set AS path
route atomic <rid> &lt;0 1&gt;</rid>	Set ATOMIC_AGGREGATE
route community <rid> <c1>…<cn></cn></c1></rid>	Set community
route localpref <rid> <localpref></localpref></rid>	Set localpref
route med <rid> <med></med></rid>	Set MED
route net <rid> <network></network></rid>	Set prefix
route nexthop <rid> <nexthop></nexthop></rid>	Set next-hop
route origin <rid> &lt;1 2 3&gt;</rid>	Set origin (0=IGP, 1=EGP, 2=INCOMPLETE)
route remove <rid all></rid all>	Remove route (will be withdrawn if it is currently injected)
route show <rid all></rid all>	Show route information





#### → 使い方

Command	Description
withdraw aggregator <peerid all> <asn ip></asn ip></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching aggregator
withdraw all ( <peerid>)</peerid>	Withdraw all routes
withdraw aspath <peerid all> <as1>…<asn></asn></as1></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching AS path
withdraw atomic <peerid all> &lt;0 1&gt;</peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching ATOMIC_AGGREGATE
withdraw community <peerid all> <c1>···<cn></cn></c1></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching community
withdraw localpref <peerid all> <localpref></localpref></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching localpref
withdraw med <peerid all> <med></med></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching MED
withdraw nexthop <peerid all> <nexthop></nexthop></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching nexthop
withdraw origin <peerid all> <origin></origin></peerid all>	Withdraw routes matching origin
withdraw rid <peerid all> <rid></rid></peerid all>	Withdraw a specific route
withdraw route <peerid all> <route></route></peerid all>	Withdraw route matching prefix







Command	Description
generate remove	Removes all generated routes from all peers
generate routes <peerid all> <num> (<args>)</args></num></peerid all>	Generate and inject a number <num> of routes</num>
flap peer <peerid all> <up_s> <down_s></down_s></up_s></peerid all>	Flapps peer, up_s is the number of seconds a peer should stay up, down_s is the number of seconds a peer should stay down
flap route <peerid all> <rid> <up_s> <down_s></down_s></up_s></rid></peerid all>	Flapps route, up_s is the number of seconds a route should stay up, down_s is the number of seconds a route should stay down
unflap peer <peerid all></peerid all>	Stop peer flapping, peer will stay in last flap state
unflap route <peerid all> <rid></rid></peerid all>	Stop route flapping, route will stay in last flap state







Command	Description
peer start <peerid all></peerid all>	Start peer
peer stop <peerid all></peerid all>	Stop peer
test start <testfile> <outputfile></outputfile></testfile>	Start test
test sleep <seconds></seconds>	Wait some seconds
test waitfor <seconds> "<regexp>"</regexp></seconds>	Wait for match





#### → 経路を広告してみる

<pre>Inject&gt; rout Jun 1 12:25:</pre>	e net 1 10.0.0/16 23: INFO: Route network attribute for RID 1 set.
Inject> rout	te aspath 1 64512
Jun 1 12:26:	12: INFO: Route AS path attribute for RID 1 set.
Inject> rout	te nexthop 1 192.168.0.1
Jun 1 12:26:	50: INFO: Route nexthop attribute for RID 1 set.
Inject> inje	ect Peerl 1
Jun 1 12:27:	00: INFO: Injecting the following route:
RID	1
Inject to :	Peerl
Network	10.0.0/16
NextHop	192.168.0.1
ASPath	64512
Jun 1 12:27:	:00: Injecting RID 1 on Peer1.
Jun 1 12:27:	01: INFO: Injecting RID 1 on Peer1



#### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp neigh	bors 192.168.0.1 re	eceived-routes	
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf	Weight
<pre>Path *&gt; 10.0.0.0/16 C4512 dia </pre>	192.168.0.1	0	0
Total number of pro	fivos 1		







#### → 経路情報を変更してみる

```
Inject> route aspath 1 64512 64512 64512
Jun 1 12:34:38: INFO: Route AS path attribute for RID 1 set.
Inject> route med 1 200
Jun 1 12:35:02: INFO: Route MED attribute for RID 1 set.
Inject> inject Peer1 1
Jun 1 12:36:13: INFO: Injecting the following route:
RID
Inject to : Peer1
Network : 10.0.0/16
NextHop : 192.168.0.1
ASPath : 64512 64512 64512
MED
   : 200
Jun 1 12:36:13: Route RID 1 already injected on Peer1.
Reinjecting it.
Jun 1 12:36:14: INFO: Withdrawing and reinjecting RID 1 on
Peer1.
```



#### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes					
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weigh	t		
*> 10.0.0.0/16 64512 64512 64512	192.168.0.1 i	200	0		
Total number of p	refixes 1				







#### → generate routesコマンドでランダムな経路を生成可能

```
Usage: generate routes <peerid|all> <number of routes>
<args1>...<argsN>
Valid arguments are:
 flap(0-100)
                                     -> Percent of routes which
                                        should flap
                                        Flap time is between 1
                                        and 120 secs
nexthop(<nh1>|...)
                                     -> Nexthops
origin(0|1|2)
                                     -> Origin
 localpref(<1>|...)
                                     -> LocalPref
                                     -> Multi-exit discriminator
med(< med1 > | \dots)
                                        (MED)
 atomic(0|1)
                                     -> Atomic aggregate
```

- -> Aggregator
- -> AS Path

```
community(<aa1:dd1,aa2:dd2>|...) -> Communities
```

aggregator (<asn1:agg1>|...)

aspath(<as1,as2>|...)

inject



#### → ランダム経路の生成、やってみよう

Inject> generate routes Peer1 100 nexthop(192.168.0.1)
aspath(64512,65001,65002|64512,65004) med(0)

Jun 1 15:22:28: INFO: Generating 100 routes. One dot for each 1000 routes.





#### → 相手側のルータで確認

<pre>\$ show ip bgp neighbors 192.168.0.1 received-routes</pre>					
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf	Weight		
Path					
*> 0.0.0.0	192.168.0.1	0	0		
64512 65001 65002 i					
*> 0.0.0.0	192.168.0.1	0	0		
64512 65001 65002 e					
*> 1.252.170.0/17	192.168.0.1	0	0		
6451265001 65002 e					
*> 5.195.228.0/17	192.168.0.1	0	0		
64512 65004 i					
*> 12.246.181.128/3					
	192.168.0.1	0	0		
64512 65004 i					
*> 16.0.0/5	192.168.0.1	0	0		
64512 65004 ?					



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#### → 相手側のルータで確認

*> 17.73.0.0/9	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 ?			
*> 19.0.0/7	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 i			
*> 18.43.178.77/26	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 ?			
*> 19.76.191.11/30	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 ?			
*> 24.189.210.0/20	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65001 65002 ?			
*> 25.17.110.229/30	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65001 65002 i			
*> 29.0.0.0	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 e			
*> 30.28.3.0/22	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65001 65002 e			
*> 32.0.0/4	192.168.0.1	0	0
64512 65004 e			



トータルインターネットソリューション

雛グローバルネットコア

#### → flappingを起こしてみる

Inject> s	how s	entroute	es all						
RID	S N	letwork		NextH	op		Peer		PeerID
1	I 1	0.0.0.0/	/16	192.10	58.0.1		192.1	168.0.2	2 / Peerl
3	I 1	0.20.0.0	)/16	192.10	58.0.1		192.1	168.0.2	2 / Peerl
2	I 1	0.10.0.0	)/16	192.10	58.0.1		192.1	168.0.2	2 / Peerl
Inject> <mark>f</mark>	lap r	coute Pee	er1 1 5	5					
Jun 1 16:	28:12	2: INFO:	Flappir	ng for	RID 1	on	peer	Peerl	enabled
(UP=5 / D	OWN=5	5)							
Jun 1 16:	28:12	2: INFO:	Flappir	ng for	RID 3	on	peer	Peerl	enabled
(UP=5 / D	OWN=5	5)							
Jun 1 16:	28:12	2: INFO:	Flappir	ng for	RID 2	on	peer	Peerl	enabled
(UP=5 / D	OWN=5	5)							

RID1に対して設定を入れているにも関わらず、 なぜかRID2とRID3にも同じ設定が適用される。 バグか??



#### → flappingを起こしてみる

```
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Flap time for route 1 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Flap time for route 3 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Flap time for route 2 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Withdrawing RID 1 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Withdrawing RID 3 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:18: INFO: Withdrawing RID 2 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Flap time for route 1 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Flap time for route 3 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Flap time for route 2 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Withdrawing and reinjecting RID 1 on
Peer1.
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Withdrawing and reinjecting RID 3 on
Peer1.
```



#### → flappingを起こしてみる

```
Jun 1 16:28:24: INFO: Withdrawing and reinjecting RID 2 on
Peer1.
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Flap time for route 1 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Flap time for route 3 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Flap time for route 2 is over ->
Withdrawing...
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Withdrawing RID 1 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Withdrawing RID 3 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:30: INFO: Withdrawing RID 2 on Peer1
Jun 1 16:28:36: INFO: Flap time for route 1 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:36: INFO: Flap time for route 3 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:36: INFO: Flap time for route 2 is over ->
Starting...
Jun 1 16:28:36: INFO: Withdrawing and reinjecting RID 1 on
Peer1.
```



#### → 相手側のルータで確認

\$ show ip bgp dampe	ned-paths					
Network	From	Reuse	Path			
*d 10.0.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	00:49:01	64512	i		
*d 10.10.0.0/16 i	192.168.0.1	00:51:37	64512	65001	65002	
*d 10.20.0.0/16	192.168.0.1	00:49:04	64512	65004	i	
Total number of prefixes 3						



## injec<del>t</del>



#### → 感想

- + いろんなモジュール使っているのでインストールはやや面倒
- → ちょっと動きが不安定な印象・・・
- → 対話型インタフェースはやっぱい便利
- → リアルタイムに経路操作ができるのがいい感じ
- → generate機能は便利だけど、現実にはありえないような経路が 出てきてしまうので、ちょっと気持ちが悪い
- ★ test機能を使うと、あらかじめ作ったシナリオ(コマンドリスト)を 実行することができるらしい(未検証)
   ★ test start <testfile> <outputfile>















- https://github.com/Exa-Networks/exabgp
- → Pythonスクリプトです
  - → Python以外に特に必要なものはありません
  - → ただし、最新版をPython2.7未満で動かすには、argparse モジュールの追加が必要?
- → 対向ルータとpeerを確立し、経路の送受信を行うことができます
  - ★ configrationファイルはJuniperライクな書式







→ インストール

\$ wget htt	ps://github	.com/Exa-	Netwo	rks/ex	abgp/archive/				
3.3.2.tar.gz									
\$ tar xvfz 3.3.2.tar.gz									
\$ cd exabgp-3.3.2									
\$ ls									
CHANGELOG	PEP8	ROADMAP	dev	lib	service				
COPYRIGHT	README.md	debian	etc	sbin	setup.py				

#### → そのままでは動かなかったので追加作業・・・

```
$ cat /etc/redhat-release
CentOS release 6.5 (Final)
$ python --version
Python 2.6.6
$ sudo easy_install pip
$ sudo pip install argparse
```







#### → そのままでも起動できるけど

\$ pwd
/home/yasuyuki/exabgp-3.3.2
\$ ./sbin/exabgp --version
3.3.2

### →「インストール」することもできますよ

\$ python setup.py build \$ sudo python setup.py install \$ which exabgp /usr/bin/exabgp \$ ./sbin/exabgp --version 3.3.2







雛 グローバル ネット コア

→ 設定はこんな感じで

```
$ vi exabqp.conf
neighbor 192.168.0.2 {
        description "peer1";
        router-id 192.168.0.1;
        local-address 192.168.0.1;
        local-as 64512;
        peer-as 64513;
        hold-time 1800;
        static {
                route 10.0.1.0/24 {
                        next-hop 192.168.0.1;
                route 10.0.2.0/24 {
                        next-hop 192.168.0.1;
                        community :30740;
```





🔸 起動

\$ exabgp exabgp.conf

#### + ログ

```
Thu, 19 Jun 2014 10:26:39 | INFO
                                      15544
                                               reactor
Performing reload of exabgp 3.3.2
Thu, 19 Jun 2014 10:26:39 | INFO | 15544 | reactor
New Peer neighbor 192.168.0.2 local-ip 192.168.0.1 local-as
64512 peer-as 64513 router-id 192.168.0.1 family-allowed in-
open
Thu, 19 Jun 2014 10:26:39 | WARNING
                                      15544
                                               configuration
Loaded new configuration successfully
Thu, 19 Jun 2014 10:26:39 | INFO | 15544 | network
Connected to peer neighbor 192.168.0.2 local-ip 192.168.0.1
local-as 64512 peer-as 64513 router-id 192.168.0.1 family-
allowed in-open (out)
```





### → プロセスにシグナルを送ることで設定を反映

#### The program configuration can be controlled using signals:

- SIGLARM : restart ExaBGP
- SIGUSR1 : reload the configuration
- SIGUSR2 : reload the configuration and the forked processes
- SIGTERM : terminate ExaBGP
- SIGHUP : terminate ExaBGP (does NOT reload the

configuration anymore)

### → たとえば設定ファイルを編集して再読み込みするなら

\$ vi exabgp.conf
\$ kill -SIGUSR1 [pid]







#### → 環境変数を使って詳細なオプション設定が可能

Individual configuration options can be set using environment variables, such as :

> env exabgp.daemon.daemonize=true ./sbin/exabgp

or > env exabgp.daemon.daemonize=true ./sbin/exabgp

or > export exabgp.daemon.daemonize=true; ./sbin/exabgp

Environment values are:

- exabgp.api.encoder
- exabgp.bgp.openwait
- exabgp.cache.attributes
- exabgp.cache.nexthops
- exabgp.daemon.daemonize
- exabgp.daemon.pid
- exabgp.daemon.user
- exabgp.log.all
- exabgp.log.configuration
- exabgp.log.daemon
- exabgp.log.destination
- <snip>





- → 感想書くほど触ってないですごめんなさい
- → 大量の経路を注入するだけなら、bgpsimpleのほうがお手軽?
  - → BGPDUMPのデータをExaBGPのconfigに変換するツールな どもあるみたいです
  - http://aimless.jp/blog/archives/1991
- → ExaBGPをベースに、必要な機能を追加開発して利用している事業者さんもいるみたい
  - → JANOG33でMicrosoftさんが発表したSDN的な利用事例







#### → 実際に流れている経路を参照して分析したい

### → そんなときはこれを使え!





### **Route Views**







### **Route Views Project**





- http://www.routeviews.org/
- → オレゴン大学が運営するプロジェクト
- グローバルインターネットの経路情報が異なる地点でどのように 見えているか、リアルタイムに把握するための取り組み
   + telnetまたはSSHで様々なルータの経路情報にアクセスする ことが可能
- → 2時間ごとに出力したMRTフォーマットのダンプデータがアーカイ ブされている
  - http://archive.routeviews.org/

### **Route Views Services**



#### • Services

Route-Views offers the following services:

Host	MFG	BGP Proto	UI	Location
route-views.routeviews.org (route-views.oregon-ix.net)	Cisco	IPv4 uni/multi-cast multi-hop	telnet	U of Oregon, Eugene Oregon, USA
route-views2.routeviews.org	Quagga	IPv4 uni/multi-cast multi-hop	telnet	U of Oregon, Eugene Oregon, USA
route-views3.routeviews.org	Quagga	IPv4 uni/multi-cast multi-hop	telnet	U of Oregon, Eugene Oregon, USA
route-views4.routeviews.org	Quagga	IPv4/IPv6 uni/multi-cast multi-hop	telnet	U of Oregon, Eugene Oregon, USA
route-views6.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv6 multi-hop	telnet	U of Oregon, Eugene Oregon, USA
route-views.eqix.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/v6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	Equinix, Ashburn, VA
route-views.isc.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/v6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	ISC (PAIX), Palo Alto CA, USA
route-views.kixp.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4 uni/multi-ca <i>s</i> t non-multi-hop	telnet	KIXP, Nairobi, Kenya
route-views.linx.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/v6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	LINX, London, GB
route-views.nwax.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/v6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	NWAX, Portland, Oregon
route-views.wide.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	DIXIE (NSPIXP), Tokyo, Japan
route-views.sydney.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	SYDNEY (SYD1 Equinix), Sydney, Australia
route-views.saopaulo.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/6 uni/multi-cast non-multi-hop	telnet	SAOPAULO (PTT Metro, NIC.br), Sao Paulo, Brazil
route-views.telxatl.routeviews.org	Zebra	IPv4/6 uni/multi-cast	telnet	TELXATL (TELX Atlanta),



### Access to Route Views



<pre>\$ telnet route-v Trying 203.178.1 Connected to rou Escape character</pre>	iews.wide.routeviews 41.138 te-views.wide.routev is '^]'.	.org iews.org.			
Hello, this is Q Copyright 1996-2	uagga (version 0.99. 005 Kunihiro Ishigur	17). o, et al.			
route-views.wide BGP table versio Status codes: s r Origin codes: i	.routeviews.org> sho n is 0, local router suppressed, d damped RIB-failure, S Stale - IGP, e - EGP, ? -	w ip bgp ID is 202.249.2.166 , h history, * valid, > , R Removed incomplete	best,	i	internal,
Network	Next Hop	Metric LocPrf Weight P	ath		
*> 1.0.0.0/24	202.249.2.169	0	2497	1516	9 i
*	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2497	15169 i
* 1.0.4.0/24	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2497	6453 7545 56203 i
*>	202.249.2.169	0	2497	6453	7545 56203 i
* 1.0.5.0/24	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2497	6453 7545 56203 i
*>	202.249.2.169	0	2497	6453	7545 56203 i
*> 1.0.6.0/24	202.249.2.169	0	2497	4826	38803 56203 i
*	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2497	4826 38803 56203 i
*> 1.0.7.0/24	202.249.2.169	0	2497	4826	38803 56203 i
*	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2497	4826 38803 56203 i
* 1.0.20.0/23	202.249.2.169	0	2497	2519	i
*>	202.249.2.86	0	7500	2519	i



### **Route Views Archive**



#### University of Oregon Route Views Archive Project David Meyer

- Please see <u>www.routeviews.org</u> for a description of the route views project, bibliography, and additional information.
- · For asn.routeviews.org zone files click here or ftp from: ftp.routeviews.org/dnszones/
- Data Archives
  - MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs (quagga bgpd, from route-views2.oregon-ix.net) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs (quagga bgpd, from route-views3 as of Aug 13, 2013) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs (quagga bgpd, from route-views4.routeviews.org) v6 MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs (quagga bgpd, from route-views6.oregon-ix.net) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from Equinix Ashburn (quagga bgpd, from route-views.eqix.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from ISC (PAIX) (quagga bgpd, from route-views.isc.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from KIXP (quagga bgpd, from route-views.kixp.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from JINX (quagga bgpd, from route-views.linx.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from LINX (quagga bgpd, from route-views.linx.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from NWAX (quagga bgpd, from route-views.lexatl.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from DIXIE (quagga bgpd, from route-views.telxatl.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from DIXIE (quagga bgpd, from route-views.telxatl.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from DIXIE (WIDE) (quagga bgpd, from route-views.telxatl.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from DIXIE (WIDE) (quagga bgpd, from route-views.sydney.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from SYDNEY (quagga bgpd, from route-views.sydney.routeviews.org) MRT format RIBs and UPDATEs from SAOPAULO (quagga bgpd, from route-views.saopaulo.routeviews.org) ipv6 data split out from the above files (multiple collectors)
  - <u>'sh ip bgp' format RIBs</u> from route-views.route-views.org ( to now )
  - route dampening data from route-views.route-views.org ( to March 2008 )
  - <u>'sh ip bgp' format RIBs</u> from route-views3.routeviews.org ( to May 2012 )
  - route dampening data from route-views3.route-views.org ( to August 2012 ) The collector script that gathers the Cisco data was writted by Sean Mccreary.

Note: MRT RIB and UPDATE files have internal timestamps in the standard Unix format, however the file names are constructed based on the time zone setting of the collector. The collectors had their time zones set to Pacific Time prior to Feb 3, 2003 at approximately 19:00 UTC. At that time all but one of the existing collectors had their time zones reset to UTC. The one exception was routeviews.eqix which was not reset to UTC until Feb 1, 2006 at approximately 21:00 UTC.

### **Route Views Archive**



#### Index of /route-views.wide/bgpdata/2014.04/RIBS Last modified Size Description Name Parent Directory 21 rib.20140401.0000.bz2 01-Apr-2014 00:00 5.6M ? rib.20140401.0200.bz2 01-Apr-2014 02:00 5.6M ? rib.20140401.0400.bz2 01-Apr-2014 04:00 5.6M ? rib.20140401.0600.bz2 01-Apr-2014 06:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140401.0800.bz2 01-Apr-2014 08:00 5.6M ? rib.20140401.1000.bz2 01-Apr-2014 10:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140401.1200.bz2 01-Apr-2014 12:00 5.6M 7 rib.20140401.1400.bz2 01-Apr-2014 14:00 5.6M ? rib.20140401.1600.bz2 01-Apr-2014 16:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140401.1800.bz2 01-Apr-2014 18:00 5.6M 7 rib.20140401.2000.bz2 01-Apr-2014 20:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140401.2200.bz2 01-Apr-2014 22:00 5.6M ? rib.20140402.0000.bz2 02-Apr-2014 00:00 5.6M ? rib.20140402.0200.bz2 02-Apr-2014 02:00 5.6M 7 rib.20140402.0400.bz2 02-Apr-2014 04:00 5.6M ? rib.20140402.0600.bz2 02-Apr-2014 06:00 5.6M 7 rib.20140402.0800.bz2 02-Apr-2014 08:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140402.1000.bz2 02-Apr-2014 10:00 5.6M 2 rib.20140402.1200.bz2 02-Apr-2014 12:00 5.6M

### MRT format data



- MRT = Multi-Threaded Routing Toolkit
  - → 過去に存在したMRTというルーティングツールで使用されていた データ形式
  - → MRT自体は廃れたものの、データ形式はZebra/Quaggaで利用 されている
    - +しかし、Ciscoなどの商用ルータではサポートされていな い・・・
  - ◆ RFC6396に規定されている ◆ http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6396







#### → 解説しよう、RFC6396!



#### ごめんなさい、無理でした・・・orz






→ quaggaの場合

[yasuyuki@yasuyuki ~]\$ sudo vtysh

```
Hello, this is Quagga (version 0.99.15).
Copyright 1996-2005 Kunihiro Ishiguro, et al.
```

```
yasuyuki# configure terminal
yasuyuki(config)# dump bgp routes-mrt /var/log/quagga/rib.%Y%m%d.%H%M 60m
yasuyuki(config)# dump bgp updates /var/log/quagga/updates.%Y%m%d.%H%M 15m
yasuyuki(config)# end
yasuyuki #
```

#### → vyattaの場合

vyatta@vyatta:~\$ sudo vi /etc/quagga/bgpd.conf dump bgp updates /var/log/quagga/updates.%Y%m%d.%H%M 15m dump bgp routes-mrt /var/log/quagga/rib.%Y%m%d.%H%M 60m

















- https://bitbucket.org/ripencc/bgpdump/wiki/Home
- → コマンドはbgpdumpだけど、本当の名前はlibBGPdump?
- → MRTファイル(バイナリデータ)をテキストデータに変換し、分析するためのツールです







→ インストール

```
$ wget http://www.ris.ripe.net/source/bgpdump/libbgpdump-
1.4.99.13.tgz
$ tar xvfz libbgpdump-1.4.99.13.tgz
$ cd libbgpdump-1.4.99.13
$ ./configure
$ make
$ sudo cp bgpdump /usr/local/bin
```







→ 使い方の説明

Usage: bgpdump [-m -M file>	] [-t dump -t change] [-O <output-file>] <input-< th=""></input-<></output-file>
Output mode:	
-H	multi-line, human-readable (the default)
-m	one-line per entry with unix timestamps
-M	one-line per entry with human readable timestamps
	(there are other differences between $-m$ and $-M$ )
Common options	:
-0 <file></file>	output to <file> instead of STDOUT</file>
-s	log to syslog (the default)
-V	log to STDERR





### → 使い方の説明

Options for -m	and -M modes:
-t dump	timestamps for RIB dumps reflect the time of the
	dump (the default)
-t change	timestamps for RIB dumps reflect the last route
	modification
Special options	5:
-T	run unit tests and exit







\$ bgpdump rib.20140417.0000.bz2

```
TIME: 04/17/14 00:00:00

TYPE: TABLE_DUMP_V2/IPV4_UNICAST

PREFIX: 1.0.0.0/24

SEQUENCE: 0

FROM: 202.249.2.169 AS2497

ORIGINATED: 01/08/14 23:17:42

ORIGIN: IGP

ASPATH: 2497 15169

NEXT HOP: 202.249.2.169
```

```
TIME: 04/17/14 00:00:00

TYPE: TABLE_DUMP_V2/IPV4_UNICAST

PREFIX: 1.0.0.0/24

SEQUENCE: 0

FROM: 202.249.2.86 AS7500

ORIGINATED: 02/28/14 19:06:57

ORIGIN: IGP

ASPATH: 7500 2497 15169

NEXT_HOP: 202.249.2.86
```











トータルインターネットソリューション

鬱 グローバルネットコア

→ 実際に使ってみる

TIME: 04/17/14 00:00:00 TYPE: TABLE DUMP V2/IPV4 UNICAST PREFIX: 1.0.4.0/24 SEQUENCE: 1 FROM: 202.249.2.86 AS7500 ORIGINATED: 03/28/14 05:57:55 ORIGIN: IGP ASPATH: 7500 2516 6453 7545 56203 NEXT HOP: 202.249.2.86

TIME: 04/17/14 00:00:00 TYPE: TABLE DUMP V2/IPV4 UNICAST PREFIX: 1.0.4.0/24 SEQUENCE: 1 FROM: 202.249.2.169 AS2497 ORIGINATED: 03/28/14 05:58:00 ORIGIN: IGP ASPATH: 2497 6453 7545 56203 NEXT HOP: 202.249.2.169





#### \$ bgpdump -m rib.20140417.0000.bz2

TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.0.0/24|2497 15169|IGP|202.249.2.169|0|0||NAG|| TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.0.0/24|7500 2497 15169|IGP|202.249.2.86|0|0||NAG|| TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.4.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.86 | 0 | 0 | | NAG | | TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.4.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.169 | 0 | 0 | | NAG | | TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.5.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.86 | 0 | 0 | | NAG | | TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.5.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.169 | 0 | 0 | | NAG | | TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.6.0/24|2497 4826 38803 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.169 | 0 | | NAG | | TABLE DUMP2|1397692800|B|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.6.0/24|7500 2497 4826 38803 56203 | IGP | 202.249.2.86 | 0 | 0 | | NAG | |







#### \$ bgpdump -M rib.20140417.0000.bz2

TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.0.0/24|2497 15169|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.0.0/24|7500 2497 15169|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.4.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.4.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.5.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.5.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.6.0/24|2497 4826 38803 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/17/14 00:00:00|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.6.0/24|7500 2497 4826 38803 56203|IGP







#### \$ bgpdump -M -t change rib.20140417.0000.bz2

TABLE DUMP V2|01/08/14 23:17:42|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.0.0/24|2497 15169|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|02/28/14 19:06:57|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.0.0/24|7500 2497 15169|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|03/28/14 05:57:55|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.4.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203 | IGP TABLE DUMP V2|03/28/14 05:58:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.4.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|03/28/14 05:57:55|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.5.0/24|7500 2516 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|03/28/14 05:58:00|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.5.0/24|2497 6453 7545 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/03/14 08:40:55|A|202.249.2.169|2497|1.0.6.0/24|2497 4826 38803 56203|IGP TABLE DUMP V2|04/03/14 08:41:20|A|202.249.2.86|7500|1.0.6.0/24|7500 2497 4826 38803 56203|IGP







\$ bgpdump -M -t change rib.20140417.0000.bz2  grep ' 18070'
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:07:09 A 202.249.2.169 2497 117.102.168.0/21 2497 4713
180/0 167 Taite dual 100/20/14 10.07.44131202 240 2 06175001117 102 160 0/2117500 4712
180701TCP
TABLE DUMP V2 02/28/14 19:07:09 A 202.249.2.169 2497 210.158.160.0/20 2497 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:08:11 A 202.249.2.86 7500 210.158.160.0/20 7500 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:07:09 A 202.249.2.169 2497 218.223.32.0/20 2497 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:08:11 A 202.249.2.86 7500 218.223.32.0/20 7500 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:07:09 A 202.249.2.169 2497 221.120.168.0/21 2497 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 02/28/14 19:08:11 A 202.249.2.86 7500 221.120.168.0/21 7500 4713
18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 04/16/14 17:45:56 A 2001:200:0:fe00::9d4:0 2516 2400:e000::/32 2516
4713 18070 IGP
TABLE_DUMP_V2 04/16/14 18:21:51 A 2001:200:0:fe00::9c4:11 2500 2400:e000::/32 2500
4713 18070 IGP





# → さきほど、bgpsimpleのところで・・・

\$ wget http://archive.routeviews.org/routeviews.wide/bgpdata//2014.04/RIBS/rib.20140417.0000.bz2

\$ bgpdump -m ./rib.20140417.0000.bz2 > myroutes

\$ sudo ./bgp\_simple.pl -myas 64512 -myip=192.168.0.1 peerip=192.168.0.2 -peeras=64513 -holdtime=1800 -keepalive=600
-p myroutes

## → これはつまり、こういうことでした

- → Routeviews ProjectからWIDEルータの経路データを取得
- → one-line per entry with unix timestamps形式で出力
- → 出力したファイルをbgpsimpleの広告経路データとして入力



# **BGPView**









- http://www.bgpview.org/
  - → 近藤邦昭さんが1998年から開発
  - → 最新版は beta0.42 (2010/07)
- → 対向ルータとpeerを確立し、BGP経路の送受信や各種 解析、経路情報のログ出力などができます
  - → 受信経路をIRRで確認したり、送出経路の伝搬時間を計測をしたり
- → 対話型インタフェースによる操作が可能
  - → BGPView Shell (BVS)に接続してコマンドを入力







→ インストール

- \$ wget http://www.bgpview.org/download/bgpview-beta0.42.tar.gz
- \$ tar xvfz bgpview-beta0.42.tar.gz
- \$ cd bgpview-beta0.42
- \$ ./configure
- \$ make
- \$ sudo make install







→ 設定はこんな感じで

<pre>\$ sudo vi /usr/local/etc/bgpview.cfg</pre>				
LOCAL AS	64512			
IDENTIFIER	192.168	.0.1		
SYSTEM LOG /var/log		g/bgpview.log		
SHELL PORT	3000			
SHELL MAXCON	4			
SHELL PASSWD	PQAm21Nł	n3JBF		
SHELL MORE	24			
DUMMY_ROUTE_CFG	/usr/loo	cal/etc/dummyroute.cfg		
NEIGHBOR				
DESCRIP	TION	peerl		
ADDRESS		192.168.0.2		
REMOTE	AS	64513		
HOLD_TI	MER	600		
# MD5PASS		hogehoge		
40CTETS	AS	ON		
NLRI		IPv4_UNICAST		

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#### → 設定はこんな感じで

VIEW	OPEN
VIEW	UPDATE
VIEW	UPDATTR
VIEW	UPDDATEDUMP
VIEW	NOTIFICATION
VIEW	KEEPALIVE
VIEW	SYSTEM
ANNOUNCE	ROUTE_DIFF
ANNOUNCE	STATUS_CHANGE
LOGNAME	/var/log/bgpview-peer01.log
INTERVAL_INFO	60
INFO	/var/log/bgpview-peer01.info
PREFIXOUT	/var/log/bgpview-peer01.prefix
PREFIXOUTSUM	ON
RECONNECTWAIT	60







\$ sudo bgpview -d

# → BGPView Shellに接続

```
$ telnet localhost 3000
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
```

```
BGPView Version 0.42Beta
Copyright (c) 1998-2002 Internet Initiative Japan Inc.
Copyright (c) 2003-2005 Intec NetCore, Inc.
Copyright (c) 2006-2010 Mahoroba Kobo. / Bugest-Network
```

Password: BGPView#





#### → コマンド一覧(一部抜粋)

show show show show	users procces version configu annound	as n aration ce dummyroute
show	cron l	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	· ·	
show	ıb pdb	[deta1]
show	ip bgp	[active inactive] [detail]
show	ip bgp	<address></address>
show	ip bgp	summary
show	ip bgp	neighbor <neighbor address=""></neighbor>
show	ip bgp	neighbor <neighbor address=""> routes</neighbor>
show	ip bgp	neighbor <neighbor address=""> [active inactive]</neighbor>
route	es	
show	ip bgp	statics <neighbor address=""></neighbor>







#### → コマンド一覧(一部抜粋)

```
show ip bgp route time <Time>
show ip bqp route time <Time> le
show ip bqp route time <Time> ge
show ip nexthop summary
show ip nexthop summary neighbor <neighbor address>
show ip route summary
show irr status
show irr status active
show irr status summary
show irr status summary neighbor <neighbor address>
clear ip bgp <neighbor address>
clear ip bgp statics <all | neighbor address>
clear route history
```







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#### → コマンド一覧(一部抜粋)

```
do announce dummyroute
do output route filename <Filename>
do output route filename <Filename> neighbor <neighbor address>
do output route filename <Filename> [active|inactive]
do output route filename <Filename> neighbor <neighbor address>
[active|inactive]
do output route filename <Filename> detail
do output route filename <Filename> neighbor <neighbor address>
detail
do output route filename <Filename> neighbor <neighbor address>
[active|inactive] detail
do test route rtt neighbor <Neighbor Address> inject <Injection
Prefix> timeout <Timeout Sec>
do output irrstats filename <File Name> all
do output irrstats filename <File Name> active
do output aslist filename <File Name> neighbor <neighbor
address>
```





# ↓ ログ (bgpview-peer01.info)

#### \$ cat bgpview-peer01.info

Time	Message	Update	Notific	Open	Keepali	Prefix	Withdra	Totalpr
2014/06/06 05:44:24	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:45:24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:46:24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:47:24	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:48:24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:49:24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:50:24	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2014/06/06 05:51:24	10	10	0	0	0	17	0	0
2014/06/06 05:52:24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0







### → □グ (bgpview-peer01.log)

#### \$ cat bgpview-peer01.log

```
2014/06/06 05:51:17: BGP Header Type = 2, Length = 54
2014/06/06 05:51:17: GET Message Type = 2 (Update) / Data Length = 54
2014/06/06 05:51:17: DEBUG: Receive Data Size = 35 / Peer = 0
RECV DUMP LEN : 35 Octets
RECV DUMP DATE : 2014/06/06 05:51:17
RECV DUMP 0000 : 000001B 40010100 5002000C 0205FC42
RECV DUMP 0016 : FC411D4C 09C13B41 400304AC 14014D18
RECV DUMP 0032 : 0100000A
2014/06/06 05:51:17: Receive UPDATE Message
2014/06/06 05:51:17: ===== UPDATE Information =====
Unfeasible Route Length = 0 octets
 WITHDRAWN Route is not presented.
 Total Path Attribute Length = 27 octets
   Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 40 / Attr. Type Code = 1
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Normal
   Path Attribute = Origin
   Attribute Length = 1
   ORIGIN Type = IGP
```







#### → □⁄ (bgpview-peer01.log)

```
Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 50 / Attr. Type Code = 2
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Enhanced
   Path Attribute = AS PATH
   Attribute Length = 12
   PATH Segment Type = AS SEQUENCE : 5
   AS Path = 64513 65001 7500 2497 15169
   Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 40 / Attr. Type Code = 3
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Normal
   Path Attribute = NEXT HOP
   Attribute Length = 4
   NEXT HOP Address = 192.168.0.2
   Network Layer Reachability Information Length = 4
  Prefix
                                    Metric Loc Pef Time AS Path
                   Next Hop
  1.0.0.0/24
                192.168.0.2
                                                        0 64513 65001 7500 2497
15169 i
2014/06/06 05:51:17: ===== UPDATE Information Done =====
```







#### → □グ (bgpview-peer01.log)

```
2014/06/06 05:51:17: BGP Header Type = 2, Length = 60
2014/06/06 05:51:17: GET Message Type = 2 (Update) / Data Length = 60
2014/06/06 05:51:17: DEBUG: Receive Data Size = 41 / Peer = 0
RECV DUMP LEN : 41 Octets
RECV DUMP DATE : 2014/06/06 05:51:17
RECV DUMP 0000 : 000001D 40010100 5002000E 0206FC42
RECV DUMP 0016 : FC4109C1 19351D79 DB8B4003 04AC1401
RECV DUMP 0032 : 4D180100 04180100 05000000
2014/06/06 05:51:17: Receive UPDATE Message
2014/06/06 05:51:17: ===== UPDATE Information =====
Unfeasible Route Length = 0 octets
 WITHDRAWN Route is not presented.
 Total Path Attribute Length = 29 octets
   Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 40 / Attr. Type Code = 1
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Normal
   Path Attribute = Origin
   Attribute Length = 1
   ORIGIN Type = IGP
```







#### → □⁄ (bgpview-peer01.log)

```
Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 50 / Attr. Type Code = 2
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Enhanced
   Path Attribute = AS PATH
   Attribute Length = 14
   PATH Segment Type = AS SEQUENCE : 6
   AS Path = 64513 65001 2497 6453 7545 56203
   Attr. Type: Attr. Flag = 40 / Attr. Type Code = 3
   Attribute : WELL-KNOWN TRANSITIVE COMPLETE
   Attribute Length Normal
   Path Attribute = NEXT HOP
   Attribute Length = 4
   NEXT HOP Address = 192.168.0.2
   Network Layer Reachability Information Length = 8
  Prefix
                                    Metric Loc Pef Time AS Path
                   Next Hop
                                                         0 64513 65001 2497 6453
  1.0.4.0/24
                   192.168.0.2
7545 56203 i
  1.0.5.0/24
                192.168.0.2
                                                         0 64513 65001 2497 6453
7545 56203 i
2014/06/06 05:51:17: ===== UPDATE Information Done =====
```







#### → 感想

- → まだあまり試せていないです・・・ごめんなさい
- ◆ なんかうまく動かないところがあるみたい?
  - → IRR関連のコマンドが0.39以降では動かないとか
  - → showコマンドでneighborを指定してもNot foundと言われ るとか
  - → CentOSだとbvspasswdがsegmentation faultになるとか
- → フルルート食えない?
  - Kernel: swap\_pager: out of swap space
  - \* Kernel: swap\_pager\_getswapspace(16): failed
  - Kernel: pid 1413 (bgpview), uid 0, was Killed: out of swap space





→ というわけで・・・

# → 近藤さん、そのうちどこかで詳しく教えてください!

### m(\_ \_)m









Photo by Moyan Brenn via Fickr



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\* https://stat.ripe.net/

- → RIPE NCCが運営している、番号資源情報や経路広告状況に関するデータ提供サービス
- → ウェブインタフェースで閲覧するほか、APIの提供もあり
- RIPEstat is a web-based interface that provides everything you ever wanted to know about IP address space, Autonomous System Numbers (ASNs), and related information for hostnames and countries in one place.













# Total Internet Sol





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**RIPE** stat



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#### • 23 Visibility (AS18070) /32 (v6): 1 a AS18070 is visible by 100% of 97 IPv4 and 100% of 94 IPv6 RIS full peers. Visibility Location Details of AS18070 IPv6 IPv4 IPv6 /20 (v4): 2 IPv4 IXP IPv6 RRC Location ÷ peers ¢ peers $\diamond$ $\Diamond$ ¢ Visibility Visibility Location seeina seeina RIPE-NCC Amsterdam. RRC00 15 of 15 9 of 9 100% 100% Multihop Netherlands London, United • \* RRC01 LINX 11 of 11 100% 11 of 11 100% Prefix Count (AS18070) Kingdom IPv4 AMS-IX / NL-Amsterdam, RRC03 6 of 6 10 of 10 100% 100% 4 (80%) IX / GN-IX Netherlands Number of Prefixes Addresses | Resolution: 12 days Geneva, RRC04 CIXP 6 of 6 2 of 2 100% 100% 🖉 🔳 IPv4 Prefixes Switzerland IPv6 Prefixes RRC05 VIX Vienna, Austria 6 of 6 8 of 8 100% 100% RRC06 DIX-IE Tokyo, Japan 1 of 1 1 of 1 100% 100% Stockholm, RRC07 Netnod 2 of 2 4 of 4 100% 100% Sweden 6 of 6 5 of 5 RRC10 MIX 100% 100% Milan, Italy New York City, RRC11 NYIIX 5 of 5 6 of 6 100% 100% US 00:00 UTC Frankfurt, RRC12 DE-CIX 16 of 16 23 of 23 100% 100% Germany ty (less than 3 RIS peers seeing) Moscow. Zoom out RRC13 MSK-IX Russian 10 of 10 4 of 4 100% 100% embed code permalink info 🌲 Federation 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 RRC14 PAIX Palo Alto, US 6 of 6 7 of 7 100% 100% 4 of 4 RRC15 PTTMetro Sao Paulo, Brazil 7 of 7 100% 100% 2006 2010 2012 2014 2008 Advanced Settings Showing results for AS18070 as of 2014-06-05 16:00:00 UTC Showing results for AS18070 from 2004-01-01 00:00:00 UTC to 2014-06-05 16:00:00 UTC 6 Query time has been set to latest time data is available for (2014-06-05 16:00 UTC) Results exclude routes with very low visibility (less than 3 RIS peers seeing). source data embed code permalink embed code permalink info 🌲 source data



Routing



Prefix Size Distribution (AS18070)

by number of ● Prefixes ○ Addresses 9 23







雛 グローバル ネット コア



# **RIPE** stat



#### Use Cases





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- \* http://bgp.he.net/
- → Hurricane Electricが提供している、経路情報の提供サイト
- → 時間をかけずにパッと調べたいときには便利です





トータルインターネットソリューション

#### AS info



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#### + Graph, Peers, IRR, etc







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### → 以上、BGP関係のツールをいくつかご紹介しました

### → 他にももっといろんなツールがあるに違いない!

### → いいツールがあったら教えてください♪









#### → でも、本当に大事なのは道具じゃなくて・・・

### → 道具を使う 「目的」と、「手法」と、「成果」ですよね!

#### ◆ また明日からも お仕事がんばいましょう♪









### BGP Tools, BGP Software, BGP Utilities

http://www.bgp4.as/tools

### tools team

http://tools.bgp4.jp/



